## ANNUAL ECONOMIC SURVEY OF EMPLOYEE OWNERSHIP IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES IN 2008

## INTRODUCTION TO COUNTRY FILES

Employee ownership is progressing faster and stronger across Europe than anyone could expect. This is a quick and recent new development in most European countries. However, some countries began earlier while others dawdled on the way (see <u>Graph 1</u>). The new Annual Survey for year 2008 shows that employee ownership declined a bit on the threshold of the financial crisis, from 283.3 to 240.2 billion Euro (-15.2%). However, this was still much more than the 206.2 billion one year before. As a percentage, employees' share stabilized on 2.63% in the capital ownership structure. Considering recent trends, employee ownership is going to double within the next 5-10 years, from 9.1 million employee owners now to 16 millions, from 28.2% of all employees in large European companies now to 40-50%, and capitalisation held by employees going to raise from 2.63% now to 4-5%. This is the main conclusion of the economic survey of employee ownership in the European countries in year 2008. This survey is based on information about each of all large European companies – which also means a similar information for each of all European countries. Furthermore, it is based on information given by companies themselves in Annual Reports – which means a quick information and a high quality. The full version of this Annual Survey is available at the European Federation of Employee Share Ownership.

## SWEDEN (SV)

Compared to other European countries, employee ownership is still quite low in Sweden, but changes are underway.

Considering the global percentage of capital held by employees in large companies, Sweden is still low with 1.73% compared to 2.63% in Europe and 4.52% in France (<u>Graph 2</u>).

However, Sweden is very high considering large companies having some employee share ownership – with 95% in Sweden compared to 85.1% in Europe and 100% in Ireland or Finland (Graph 3).

And Sweden seems satisfactory for large companies having "broad-based" employee share plans (all-employee plans), with 46% in Sweden compared with 51.9% in Europe - but 86% in France (<u>Graph 4</u>).

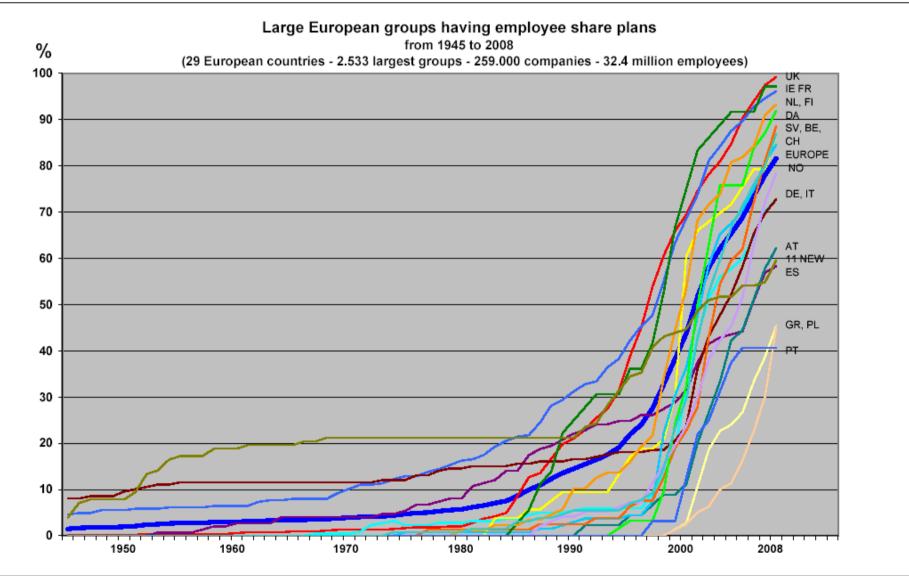
Good dynamics: 47% of large Swedish companies launched new employee share plans in 2007/8, compared with 36.6% in Europe – not far from the 53% in Belgium or 52% in Denmark , The Netherlands and the UK (<u>Graph 5</u>).

When they exist, employee share plans appear to be quite recent compared to a number of other European countries. Large Irish companies launched their first employee share plan in 1995 on average – it was in 2000 in Sweden (Graph 6).

Sweden is high regarding stock options. 78% of large Swedish companies have stock option plans, compared with 64.6% in Europe – but 97% in Ireland (<u>Graph 7</u>).

As a consequence, the proportion of employee owners amongst all employees in large companies is increasing in Sweden, with 26% compared to 28.2% in Europe and 46% in Fance (<u>Graph 8</u>).

Finally, Sweden is still rather low regarding companies having "significant" employee ownership, with 44% in Sweden compared with 53.9% in Europe and 75% in France (Graph 9).



Graph 1

